Standard Specification for Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC) and Other Organic Polymer-Coated Steel Chain-Link Fence Fabric

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F 668; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers polyvinyl chloride and other conforming organic polymer-coated steel chain-link fabric, coated before weaving. Polyvinyl chloride and other organic polymer coating hereinafter will be designated as polymer coating.

1.2 Fabric produced from three classes of wire coatings are covered as follows:

1.2.1 Class I consists of polymer coatings extruded over zinc-coated, aluminum-coated, or zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy-coated, or zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy-coated steel wire.

1.2.2 Class 2a consists of polymer coating extruded and adhered to zinc-coated, aluminum-coated, or zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy-coated steel wire.

1.2.3 Class 2b consists of polymer coating fused and adhered to zinc-coated, aluminum-coated, or zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy-coated steel wire.

1.3 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are provided for information only.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:

A 90/A 90M Test Method for Weight [Mass] of Coating on Iron and Steel Articles with Zinc or Zinc-Alloy Coatings

A 370 Test Methods and Definitions for Mechanical Testing of Steel Products

A 428/A 428M Test Method for Weight [Mass] of Coating on Aluminum-Coated Iron or Steel Articles

D 1499 Practice for Filtered Open-Flame Carbon-Arc Exposures of Plastics

2.2 U.S. Federal Standard:

Fed. Std. No. 123 Marking for Shipments (Civil Agencies)

2.3 U.S. Military Standards:

MIL-STD-129 Marking for Shipment and Storage

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions—For definitions of terms such as chain-link fence fabric, selvage, knuckle, twist, and diamond count, see Terminology F 552.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 Orders for chain-link fence fabric purchased to this specification shall include the following information:

4.1.1 Quantity.

4.1.2 Class of polymer coating to be applied to the metallic-coated core wire.

4.1.3 Color of coating (see 16.5.1).

4.1.4 Size of mesh (see Table 1).

4.1.5 Diameter of metallic-coated core wire or minimum breaking strength, or both (see Tables 1-3).

4.1.6 Height of fabric.

4.1.7 Type of selvage if nonstandard (see 12.1 and 12.2).

4.1.8 Diamond count if nonstandard (see 9.1 and Table 2).

4.1.9 Certification, if required.

4.2 Any tests required other than those specifically covered in this specification must be stipulated by the purchaser in the order or contract.

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1 This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F14 on Fences and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F14.40 on Chain Link Fence and Wire Accessories.


2 For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For Annual Book of ASTM Standards volume information, refer to the standard’s Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3 Withdrawn.

4 Available from the procuring activity or as directed by the contracting office or from Standardization Documents Order Desk, Bldg. 4 Section D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, Attn: NPODS.
4.3 All rolls of fabric accepted by the purchaser shall be billed to him on the basis of the original footage of the rolls before sampling, unless changed by contractual agreement.

5. Materials

5.1 Base Metal—The base metal shall be steel of such quality and purity that, when drawn to the size of wire specified and coated with an organic polymer, the finished fencing shall be of uniform quality and have properties and characteristics as prescribed in the specification.

5.2 Wire used for the manufacture of fabric shall meet the requirements of this specification and shall be capable of being woven into fabric without the polymer coating cracking or peeling. The polymer coating shall be formulated and produced properly to conform to the requirements of this specification.

6. Manufacture

6.1 Class 1 polymer-coated wire shall have the polymer coating extruded onto wire that conforms to the requirements as shown in Table 3.

6.2 Class 2a polymer-coated wire shall have the polymer coating extruded and adhered to wire that is zinc-coated by the hot-dip method, zinc-coated by the electrolytic process, or aluminum-coated by the hot-dip method.

6.3 Class 2b polymer-coated wire shall have the polymer coating fused and adhered to wire that is zinc-coated by the hot-dip method, zinc-coated by the electrolytic process, or aluminum-coated by the hot-dip method. The use of a primer prior to the application of a polymer coating may be recommended by the polymer manufacturer.

NOTE 1—Under current practice, the process for producing a Class 2b PVC coating requires the use of a primer to attain chemical bonding to the substrate. In any event, the polymer manufacturer’s recommendation should be followed.

6.4 Type of metallic coating on the steel wire substrate shall be the choice of the producer unless otherwise specified.

7. Weave

7.1 The wire shall be woven throughout in the form of approximately uniform square mesh, having parallel sides and horizontal and vertical diagonals of approximately uniform dimensions. The top and bottom of the fabric shall be knuckled or twisted as specified in Section 12.

8. Size of Mesh

8.1 The size of mesh shall conform to the requirements as shown in Table 1.

8.2 The permissible variation from the specified size of mesh shall be ±1/16 in. [0.16 mm] for all mesh sizes over 1 in. [25 mm] and ±1/8 in. [0.32 mm] for all mesh sizes 1 in. [25 mm] and under.

8.3 Size of mesh shall be determined by unrolling a roll of fabric on a flat surface and exerting tension in accordance with the requirements of 18.2, then measuring the minimum clear distance between the wires forming the parallel sides of the mesh.

9. Diamond Count

9.1 Typical diamond count for each standard height is shown in Table 2. Other diamond counts are permissible, provided that they are consistent within a lot. The purchaser has the option to specify the typical diamond count of 4.1.8.

10. Size of Wire

10.1 Chain-link fabric shall be fabricated from wire diameters as necessary to meet the requirements of Table 1. The diameter shall be determined as the average of two readings taken at right angles to each other on the straight portion of the parallel sides of the mesh and measured to the nearest 0.001 in. [0.03 mm].

10.2 The permissible variation from the specified diameter of the core wire over 0.105 in. [2.67 mm] shall be ±0.005 in. [0.13 mm]. The permissible variation for the specified diameter on core wires 0.105 in. [2.67 mm] or less shall be ±0.004 in. [0.10 mm].

11. Height of Fabric

11.1 Chain-link fabric, unless otherwise specified by the purchaser, shall be furnished in the standard heights shown in Table 1. Custom order fabric is available in heights to and
including 240 ft. [6.56 m]. The height of the fabric shall be the overall dimension from the ends of twists or knuckles. Permissible variations from the specified height shall be

\[
\pm \frac{\text{in.}}{2} \quad \text{for standard selvage on fabric with mesh sizes 1 in. [25 mm] and over and}
\]

\[
\pm \frac{\text{in.}}{2} \quad \text{for all fabric with mesh sizes less than 1 in. [25 mm].}
\]

12. Selvage

12.1 Fabric with 2-in. [50.8-mm] or 2 \(\frac{1}{8}\)-in. [54.0-mm] mesh, in heights less than 72 in. [1829 mm], shall be knuckled at both selvages. Fabric 72 in. [1829 mm] high and over shall be knuckled at one selvage and twisted at the other. These are the standard selvages. Other selvage combinations will be supplied only if specified by the purchaser.

NOTE 2—Caution: Twisted selvages for fences under 72 in. [1829 mm] in height are not recommended because of consumer safety considerations.

12.2 The selvages of fabrics with meshes of less than 2 in. [50.8 mm] shall be knuckled on both edges.

13. Breaking Strength

13.1 Wire constituting the fabric shall meet the minimum breaking strength shown in Table 3, as determined in accordance with Test Methods and Definitions A 370.

13.2 Specimens to establish conformance to this requirement shall comprise individual pickets from a section of the fence fabric. The specimens shall be of sufficient length so as to be firmly gripped in the testing machine after straightening. Polymer coating may be removed from the sample by chemical or mechanical means before testing. The actual gauge length (distance between jaws) of the specimen shall be limited to the undeformed length of wire between the two adjacent bends.

14. Weight of Zinc, Aluminum, or Zinc-5 % Aluminum-Mischmetal Alloy Coatings

14.1 The weight of zinc or aluminum coating shall conform to Table 4.

14.2 The weight of coating shall be determined on an individual piece of wire removed from the fabric. This specimen may be any length of wire over 12 in. [305 mm] and shall include both bends and straight sections, but shall not include either twists or knuckles.

14.3 The weight of zinc or zinc-5 % aluminum-mischmetal alloy coating shall be determined by the method contained in Test Method A 90/A 90M after stripping the polymer coating as outlined in Section 15.

14.4 The weight of aluminum coating shall be determined by the method contained in Test Method A 428, after stripping the polymer coating as outlined in Section 15.

15. Thickness of Polymer Coating

15.1 The thickness of the polymer coating shall be in accordance with Table 5.
15.2 The thickness of polymer coating shall be determined on an individual piece of wire removed from the fabric. This specimen may be any length of wire over 12 in. [305 mm] and shall include both bends and straight sections, but shall not include either twists or knuckles.

15.3 For Class 1 and Class 2a material, mechanically strip the polymer coating from the wire and measure the minimum and maximum thickness of the polymer coating with a suitable micrometer.

15.4 For Class 2b material, strip the polymer coating by chemical or mechanical means and determine the diameter of the bare wire. Scrape the coating from one side of the wire and measure the reduced diameter with a micrometer. The thickness of coating at this point is the difference between the measurement thus obtained and the measured diameter of the bare wire. In a similar manner, determine the thickness of coating at right angles to the first determination.

15.5 When removing polymer coating by scraping, take care not to remove any of the metallic surface.

16. Properties of Polymer-Coated Wire

16.1 The polymer-coated wire from which the fabric is woven shall have a demonstrated ability to conform to the following requirements:

16.2 **Adhesion Tests:**

16.2.1 Class 2a must conform to the requirements of 16.2.2. Class 2b must conform to the requirements of 16.2.3.

16.2.2 Three specimens from each lot shall be tested. Measure a distance of 3⁄4 in. [19 mm] from the end of the specimen. With a regular hand grip wire stripper, exert maximum hand pull parallel to the axis of the wire. Attempt to remove the measured portion of the vinyl sleeve from the core wire. The lot shall be acceptable if the polymer sleeve is not capable of being removed from the core wire on all three samples.

16.2.3 Three specimens from each lot shall be tested. Make two cuts parallel to the axis of the wire through the coating, approximately ⅛ in. [1.6 mm] apart, at least ½ in. [12.7 mm] long. With a knife peel back a section of the coating between ⅛ in. [3.2 mm] and ¼ in. [6.4 mm] long to produce a tab. Attempt to remove the ⅛ in. [1.6 mm] strip of coating by pulling the tab. The lot shall be acceptable if the coating breaks rather than separates from the core wire on all three specimens.

16.3 **Accelerated Aging**—Polymer-coated wire from which the fabric is woven shall withstand exposure for 1000 h without failure at a black panel temperature of 145°F [63°C] when tested in accordance with Practice D 1499. Type D, E, or F apparatus described in Practice G 23 or Type BH apparatus described in Practice G 26 shall be used for the test. The product shall be construed to have failed the test if:

16.3.1 The wire fails to withstand the mandrel bend test described in 16.4.

16.3.2 Shrinkage of the polymer coating is greater than ⅛ in./ft [5.2 mm/m] of wire.

16.3.3 There is a significant change in color or gloss of the polymer surface as determined by visual inspection.

16.4 **Mandrel Bend:**

16.4.1 Polymer-coated wire when subjected to a single bend at −20°F [−29°C] around a mandrel no larger than ten times the diameter of the wire shall not exhibit breaks or cracks in the polymer coating.

16.4.2 The mandrel bend test shall be performed on an individual piece of wire removed from the fabric. This specimen may be any length of wire over 12 in. [305 mm] and shall include both bends and straight sections but shall not include either twists or knuckles.

16.5 **Color:**

16.5.1 Unless otherwise stipulated by the purchaser, the color of the polymer shall be in accordance with the standard colors contained in Specification F 934: Green, Olive Green, Brown, and Black.

16.5.2 Compliance with this requirement shall be determined by comparison of specimens of the polymer-coated wire to standard flat specimens of fused film of approximately the thickness specified for the polymer coating to be applied to the wire, and measuring at least 1-½ by 1-½ in. [38 by 38 mm].

16.5.3 Standard flat specimens for the evaluation of color of Class 1 and Class 2a coatings shall be prepared by milling, calendaring, or compression molding polymer pellets, using temperatures approximating those to be used in the extrusion.

16.5.4 Standard flat specimens for the evaluation of Class 2 coatings shall be prepared by thermally fusing polymer powder onto a suitable base, using temperatures approximating those to be used in the powder coating process.

16.5.5 The color of the standard flat specimens shall be determined in accordance with Specification F 934.

17. **Workmanship**

17.1 Chain-link fence fabric shall be produced by methods recognized as good commercial practices. The polymer coating shall be without voids. The polymer-coated wire shall be woven into fabric without tears or cuts that reveal the substrate.

18. **Standard Length of Rolls**

18.1 The standard length of roll shall be 50 ft [15.24 m] ± 1% except as otherwise agreed upon at the time of purchase.

18.2 The length of roll shall be determined by unrolling a roll of fabric on a flat surface and exerting tension by appropriate means to remove all slack. The tension applied shall not reduce the actual height of the fabric by more than ⅛ in./ft [5.2 mm/m] of height or by more than ½ in. [12.7 mm], whichever is less.

19. **Field Sampling and Number of Tests**

19.1 The purchaser may select at random one roll from every 50 rolls or fraction thereof for test purposes, except in no case shall fewer than two rolls be sampled.

19.2 Sample rolls thus selected shall be checked for weave (Section 7), size of mesh (Section 8), diamond count (Section 9), core wire size (Section 10), height of fabric (Section 11), selvage (Section 12), and length (Section 18).
19.3 Test specimens taken from the outside end of the sample rolls shall be tested for breaking strength (Section 13), weight of zinc, aluminum, or zinc-5% aluminum-mischmetal alloy coating (Section 14), and thickness of polymer coating (Section 15).

19.4 If any specimen tested fails to conform to the specified requirements, the roll represented by the specimen shall be rejected and two additional rolls shall be tested, both of which shall meet the requirements in every respect; otherwise the lot represented by the samples may be rejected.

19.5 Unless otherwise stipulated by the purchaser, tests for breaking strength (Section 13), weight of zinc, aluminum, or zinc-5% aluminum-mischmetal alloy coating (Section 14), thickness of polymer coating (Section 15), and properties of polymer-coated wire (Section 16) made on the wire prior to weaving may be substituted for tests made on the wire from the finished fabric.

20. Inspection

20.1 The seller is responsible for the performance of all inspection and test requirements as specified herein. The seller may use his own or other suitable facilities for inspection and testing unless the purchaser does not approve at the time the order is placed. Purchaser has the right to make any of the inspection and tests outlined where such are deemed necessary.

21. Certification and Reports

21.1 Upon the request of the purchaser in the contract or order, a manufacturer’s certification that the material was produced in accordance with the specification shall be furnished.

22. Packaging, Marking, and Loading for Shipment

22.1 Each length of fabric shall be tightly rolled and firmly tied. Each shipment of fabric shall be identified as to the class of polymer coating, the color, the size of mesh, core wire gauge, the height and length of fabric in each roll, ASTM Designation F 668, and the name or mark of the manufacturer. These requirements apply unless otherwise specified.

22.2 When specified in the contract or order, and for direct procurement by or direct shipment to the U.S. government, marking for shipment, in addition to requirements specified in the contract or order, shall be in accordance with MIL-STD-129 for U.S. military agencies and in accordance with Fed. Std. No. 123 for U.S. government civil agencies.

23. Keywords

23.1 chain-link fence, steel; coatings, polyvinyl chloride (PVC); core wire gauge; fence/fencing materials, chain-link; organic polymer coating; organic polymer-coated chain-link fabric; organic polymers; polyvinyl chloride (PVC) coated chain link fence fabric; polyvinyl chloride (PVC) coating on iron and steel articles; polyvinyl chloride (PVC) plastics

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**APPENDIX**

(Nonmandatory Information)

**X1. METRIC EQUIVALENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size of Wire and Mesh, in. [mm]</th>
<th>Height of Fence Fabric, in. [mm]</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td>Wire</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>0.192 [4.88]</td>
<td>36 [910]</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>0.120 [3.05]</td>
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<tr>
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<tr>
<td>84 [2130]</td>
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<tr>
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<td>⅛ [10]</td>
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<tr>
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